# H California



# Algebra 1

Teacher Resource Copy Masters

**UNITS 1-3** 



**Kendall Hunt** 

Book 1
Certified by Illustrative Mathematics®

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# 1-3

# Teacher Resource Copy Masters

**BLACKLINE MASTERS LIST** 

	Activity Algebra1.1.13.2	Activity Algebra1.1.12.3	Activity Algebra1.1.11.2	Activity Algebra1.1.5.3	Activity Algebra1.1.5.2	Activity Algebra1.1.4.2	Activity Algebra1.1.1.1	address
	African and Asian Elephants Cards	Algebra 1 Unit 1 Useful Terms and Displays	Describing Data Distributions Cards	Algebra 1 Unit 1 Useful Terms and Displays	Heartbeats Part 1 Handout	Matching Distributions Cards	6–12 Blank Math Community Chart	title
	Ν	30	Ν	30	2	2	30	students per copy
	no	no	no	no	yes	no	no	written on?
	yes	no	yes	no	yes	yes	no	requires cutting?
	по	no	no	no O	no	no	no	card stock recommended?
	no	По	no	no	no	no	no	color paper recommended?
5	по	yes	no	yes	no	no	no	used multiple times?
	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	used as a center material?

	Activity Algebra1.3.6.3	Activity Algebra1.3.5.2	Activity Algebra1.3.1.3	Activity Algebra1.2.18.3	Activity Algebra1.2.17.3	Activity Algebra1.2.16.3	Activity Algebra1.1.16.3	Activity Algebra1.1.14.1	address
	Best Residuals Cards	Data Patterns Cards	Running to the Dentist Cards	Linear Systems Cards	Sorting Systems Cards	What Comes Next Cards	Heights and Handedness Handout	Algebra 1 Unit 1 Useful Terms and Displays	title
	2	2	2	2	2	2	N	30	students per copy
	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	written on?
	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	no	requires cutting?
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6	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	yes	used multiple times?
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	Activity Algebra1.5.17.2	Activity Algebra1.5.13.1	Activity Algebra1.5.12.4	Activity Algebra1.5.10.2	Activity Algebra1.4.8.3	Activity Algebra1.4.6.3	Activity Algebra1.3.10.2	Activity Algebra1.3.7.2	address
	Caesar Says, "Shift" Cutouts	How Good Are Your Guesses Handout	Piecing It Together Cards	Possible or Impossible Cards	Terms of A Team Cards	Representations of Inequalities Cards	Playing Dirty Handout	Scatter Plot Fit Cards	title
	2	7	2	N	2	N	2	2	students per copy
	no	yes	yes	no	no	no	no	no	written on?
	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	requires cutting?
	yes	no	no	yes	no	no	no	no	card stock recommended?
	no	no	по	по	no	по	no	no	color paper recommended?
5	no	no	no	по	no	по	no	no	used multiple times?
	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	used as a center material?

	Activity Algebra1.8.1.2	Activity Algebra1.7.16.3	Activity Algebra1.7.14.4	Activity Algebra1.7.12.4	Activity Algebra1.6.12.4	Activity Algebra1.6.6.3	Activity Algebra1.5.18.3	address
	A Trip to the Frame Shop Handout	Matching Equations with Graphs Cards	Rocket Math Cards	Representations of Quadratic Functions Cards	Smartphone Sales Cards	Matching Descriptions to Graphs Cards	Custom Mugs Cards	title
	-	Ν	2	Ν	N	N	2	students per copy
	yes	no	no	no	no	no	no	written on?
	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	requires cutting?
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	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	color paper recommended?
G	по	по	no	по	no	no	no	used multiple times?
	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	used as a center material?

	Modeling Prompt: College Characteristics	Modeling Prompt: College Characteristics	Modeling Prompt: Display Your Data	Modeling Prompt: Display Your Data	Modeling Prompt: Evaluating a Sample Response to a Modeling Prompt	Modeling Prompt: Evaluating a Sample Response to a Modeling Prompt	Activity Algebra1.8.22.4	address
	Modeling Rubric	Advice on Modeling	Modeling Rubric	Advice on Modeling	Advice on Modeling	Modeling Rubric	Features of Functions Cards	title
			_	_		7	2	students per copy
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	no	no	no	no	ño	no	yes	requires cutting?
	no	no	пo	no	no	no	no	card stock recommended?
	no	no	no	no	no	по	по	color paper recommended?
6	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	used multiple times?
	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	used as a center material?

	Modeling Prompt: Planning a Vacation	Modeling Prompt: Planning a Vacation	Modeling Prompt: Giving Bonuses	Modeling Prompt: Giving Bonuses	Modeling Prompt: A New Heating System	Modeling Prompt: A New Heating System	Modeling Prompt: College Characteristics	Modeling Prompt: College Characteristics	address
	Advice on Modeling	Modeling Rubric	Advice on Modeling	Modeling Rubric	Modeling Rubric	Advice on Modeling	College Data for Task Statement 2	College Data for Task Statement	title
				_	_				students per copy
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	no	no	no	DO	no	no	no	no	card stock recommended?
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6	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	no	used multiple times?
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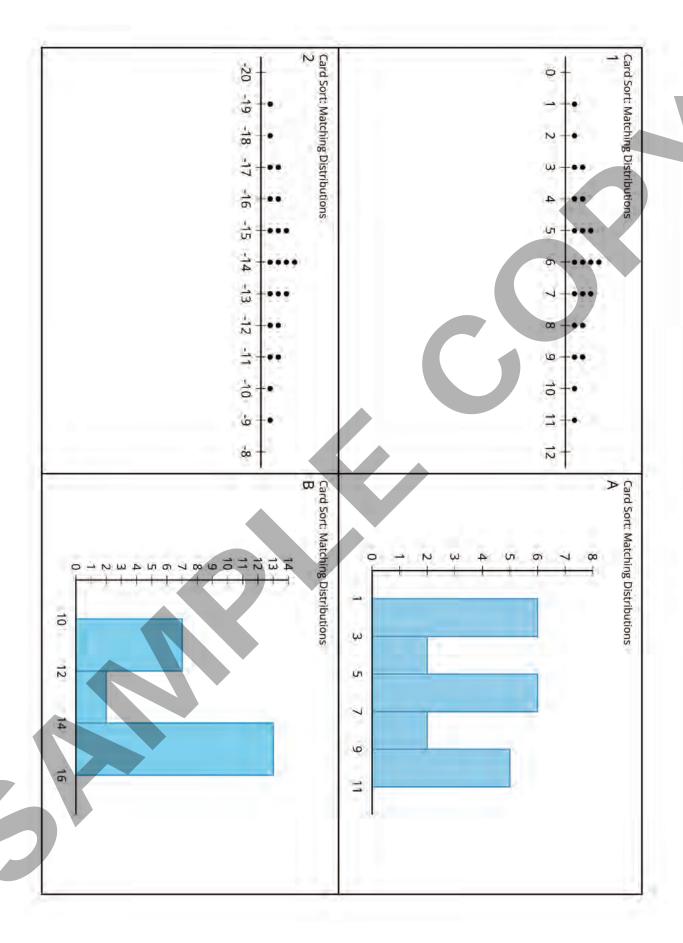
	Modeling Prompt: Planning a Concert	Modeling Prompt: Planning a Concert	Modeling Prompt: Designing a Fountain	Modeling Prompt: Designing a Fountain	Modeling Prompt: Critically Examining National Debt	Modeling Prompt: Critically Examining National Debt	Modeling Prompt: Critically Examining National Debt	address
	Modeling Rubric	Advice on Modeling	Modeling Rubric	Advice on Modeling	Advice on Modeling	Modeling Rubric	US National Debt Data	title
	_	_			-1			students per copy
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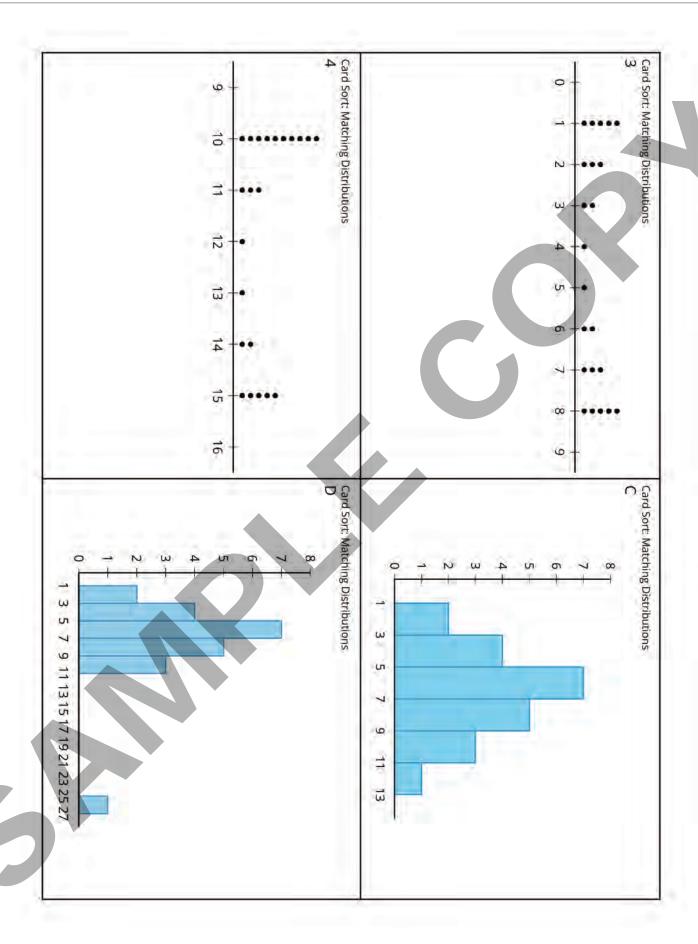


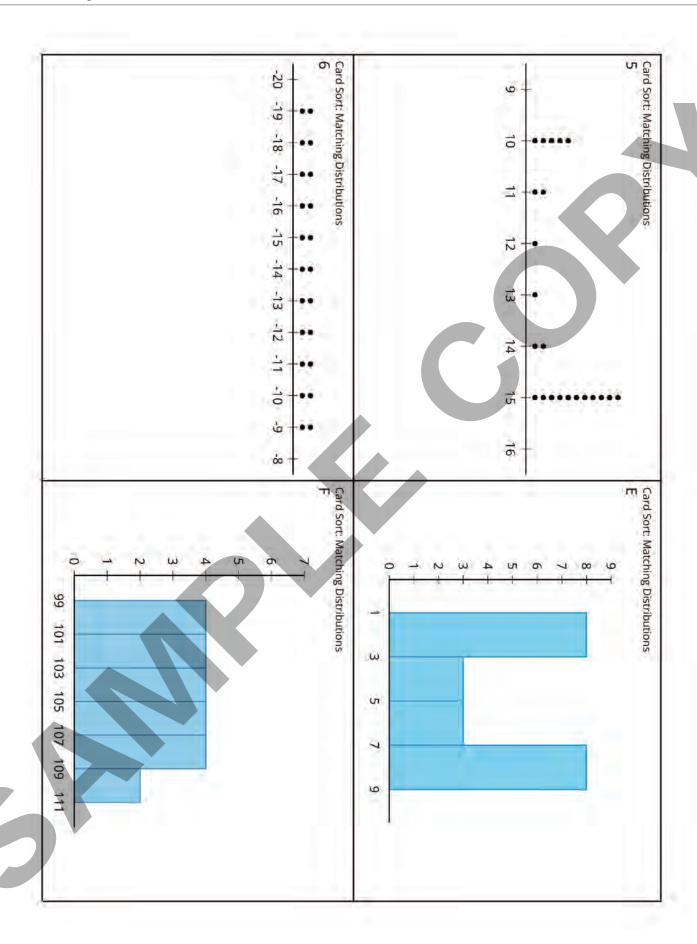
# Teacher Resource Copy Masters

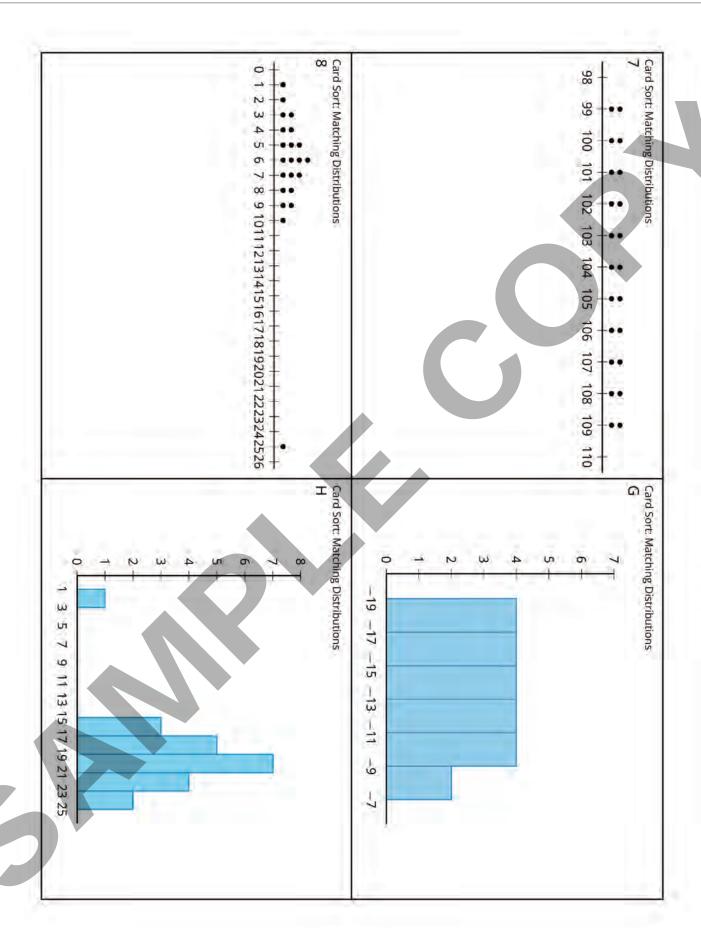
LESSON BLACKLINE MASTERS

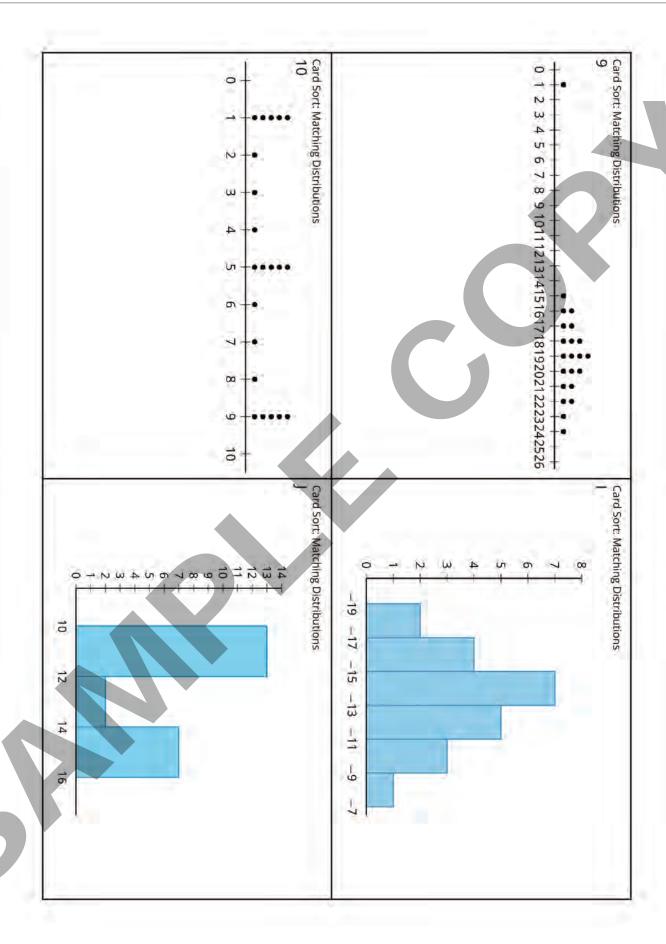
Looks like / Sounds like	Teacher	Looks like / Sounds like	Students			
				Doing Math		
	Teacher		Students		Math Community	
				Norms	9	











This graphic organizer might help you determine which data values are useful for determining each of the statistics.

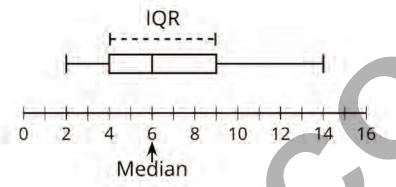
data values from least to greatest				
median (the middle value or the average of the two middle values)				
values of the first half of the data				
Q1 (the median of the first half of the data)				
values of the second half of the data		1/		
Q3 (the median of the second half of the data)				

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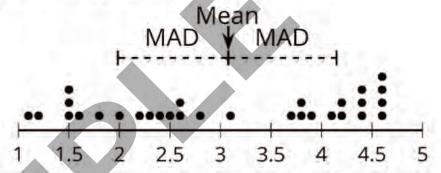
data values from least to greatest			
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values of the first half of the data			
Q1 (the median of the first half of the data)			
values of the second half of the data			
Q3 (the median of the second half of the data)			

## Algebra 1 Unit 1 Useful Terms and Displays

Median: A measure of center that divides the data so that the number of values less than or equal to the median is the same as the number of values that are greater than or equal to the median. Medians are easiest to see in a box plot.



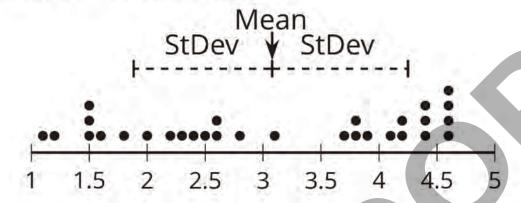
Mean: Also called the average, it is the value you get by adding up all of the values in the set and dividing by the number of values in the set.



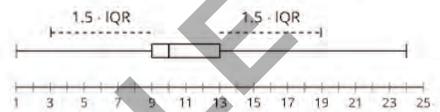
Interquartile range (IQR): A measure of variability determined by the range of values for the middle half of the data. Often used with median, this value can be determined by subtracting Q1 – Q3. In the box plot shown here, the IQR is 5 (because 9 - 4 = 5).

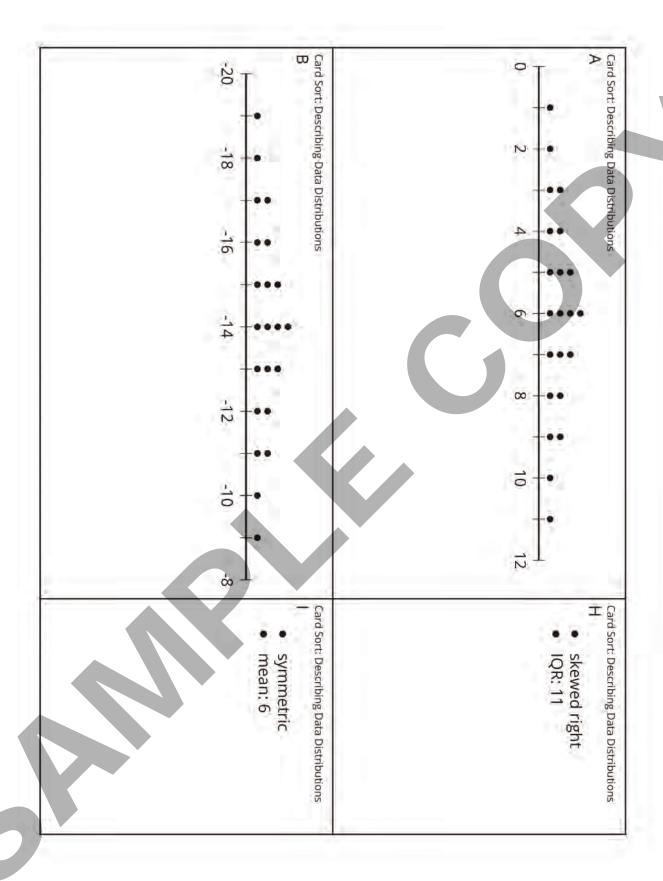
Mean absolute deviation (MAD): A measure of variability determined by the mean of the distances of the data points from the mean of the distribution. Often used with mean, this value is related to how widely the data are spread.

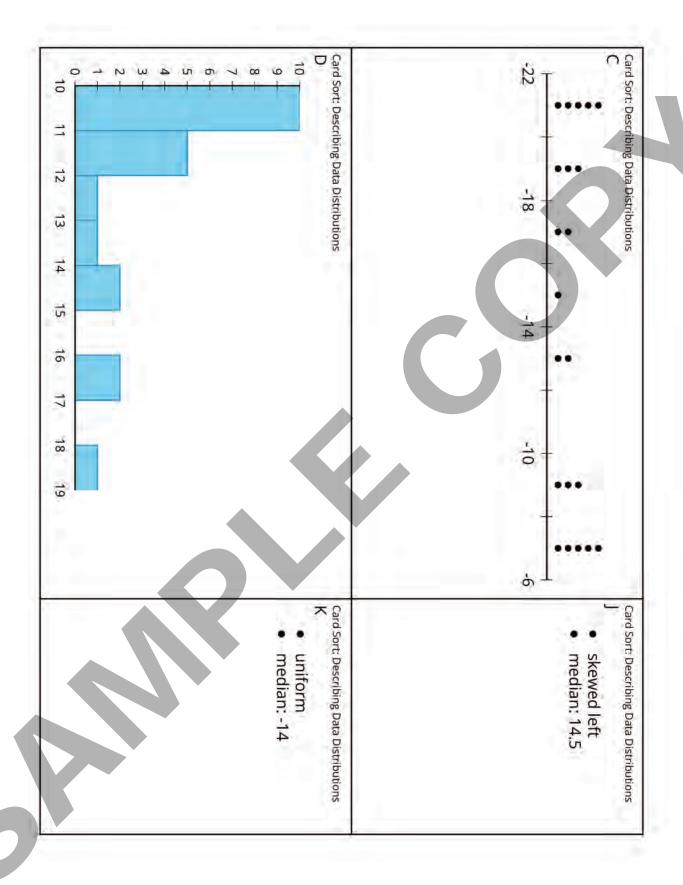
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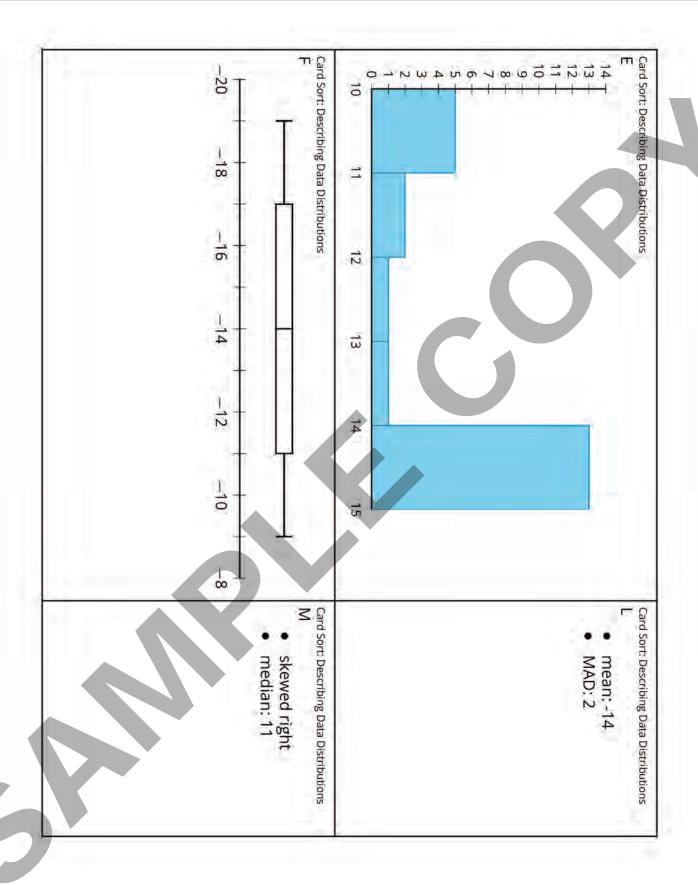


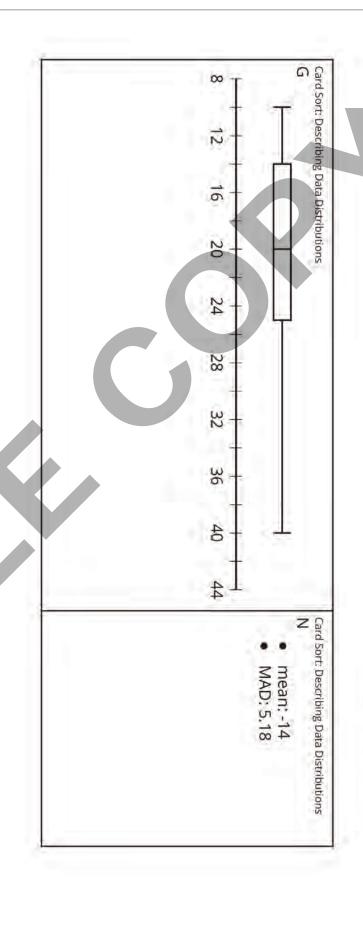
Outlier: A data value that is unusual in that it differs quite a bit from the other values in the data set. In the box plot shown, the minimum, 1, and the maximum, 24, are both outliers because they are more than 1.5 times the interquartile range away from the nearest quartile.





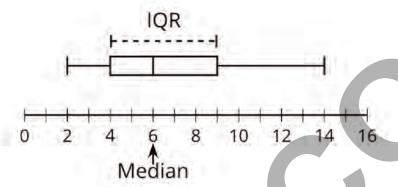




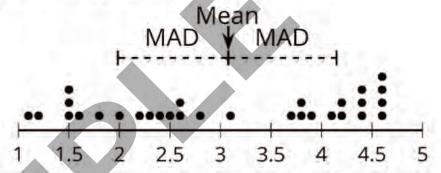


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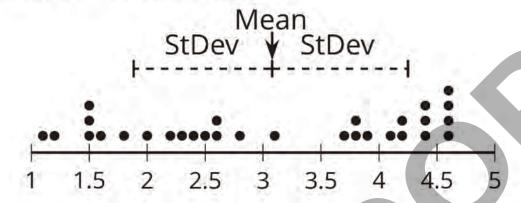
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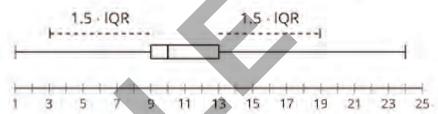
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Info Gap: African and Asian Elephants Problem Card 1

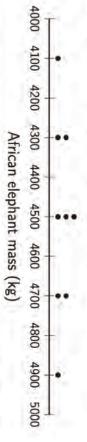
different locations are recorded. Masses for two different populations of African elephants at

- 0 Which of the populations has a heavier typical mass? Explain your reasoning.
- Which of the populations has greater variability in masses? Explain your reasoning.

Info Gap: African and Asian Elephants

# Problem Card 2

to the masses for a sample of Asian elephants. Scientists compared masses for a sample of African elephants



and the data have been lost for the Asian elephants. Draw a possible dot plot for the Asian elephants that fits the comparison, Although the comparative analysis can be found, the dot plot

> Info Gap: African and Asian Elephants Data Card 1

# Population A

- Mean: 4,872 kilograms
- Median: 4,948 kilograms
- Standard deviation: 550 kilograms Interquartile range: 972 kilograms
- The distribution is symmetric

# Population B

- Mean: 4,743 kilograms
- Median: 4,761 kilograms
- Standard deviation: 626 kilograms
- Interquartile range: 904 kilograms

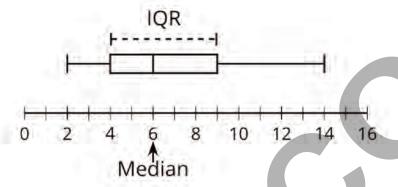
The distribution is symmetric

# Info Gap: African and Asian Elephants

- kilograms The mean mass for the African elephants is 4,500
- elephants is 245 kilograms. The standard deviation for the mass of African
- elephants. kilograms less than the mean mass for the African The mean mass for the Asian elephants is 2,000
- than the standard deviation for the African elephants. The standard deviation for the Asian elephants is less
- elephants is the same. The samples each included 9 individual elephants. The shape of the distributions for both types of

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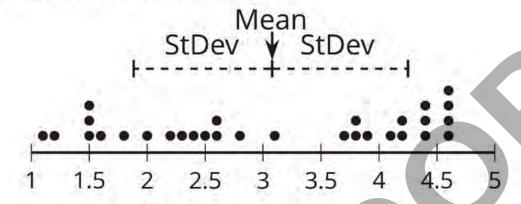
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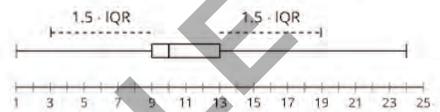
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handedness	height (cm) fo	ot length (cm) arn	n span (cm)	handedness	height (cm) foot	length (cm) arm	ı span (cm)
Left-Handed	173	25	170	Right-Handed	172.2	26.6	172.2
Left-Handed	134	65	136	Right-Handed	180	27	168
Left-Handed	165	21	168	Right-Handed	184	28	183
Left-Handed	180	27	181	Right-Handed	165	26	150
Left-Handed	156	23.5	158	Right-Handed	171	26	175
Left-Handed	179	25	179	Right-Handed	23	22	150
Left-Handed	175	25	170	Right-Handed	75	32	92
Left-Handed	189	27	192	Right-Handed	179	29	171
Left-Handed	165	21.3	176.8	Right-Handed	174	28	194
Left-Handed	157.5	21.5	162.6	Right-Handed	154	22	149
Left-Handed	152	21	140	Right-Handed	165.1	28	171
Left-Handed	162	24	177	Right-Handed	61	12	30
Left-Handed	61	24	147	Right-Handed	177	25.4	180
Left-Handed	173	25.4	162.5	Right-Handed	167	26	171
Left-Handed	188	28	191	Right-Handed	172	27	178
Left-Handed	164	25.4	96	Right-Handed	163	27	165
Left-Handed	178	23	183	Right-Handed	162	22	154
Left-Handed	173.6	24	179.4	Right-Handed	170	25.7	67
Left-Handed	173	24	184	Right-Handed	184	26	176
Left-Handed	157	24	37	Right-Handed	166	24	158
Left-Handed	181	25	170	Right-Handed	171	27	184
Left-Handed	198	29	183	Right-Handed	152	24	159
Left-Handed	152.4	21.3	133	Right-Handed	60	25.5	143
Left-Handed	175	19	172	Right-Handed	177	27.5	178
Left-Handed	160	25	120	Right-Handed	174	45	87.5
				Right-Handed	150	21	152
				Right-Handed	157	21.5	161
				Right-Handed	183	28	75
				Right-Handed	152.8	22	152.8
				Right-Handed	160	23	163
				Right-Handed	171	24	170
				Right-Handed	153.5	22	154
				Right-Handed	176	25	178
	4			Right-Handed	170	23	162
				Right-Handed	165	25	171
				Right-Handed	162.5	22.8	168.9
				Right-Handed	183	26	185
				Right-Handed	182.8	27.94	187.9
				Right-Handed	188	28	189
				Right-Handed	159	25	162
				Right-Handed	180	26	165
				Right-Handed	180	27	200
				Right-Handed	10	1	3
				Right-Handed	155	23	145
				Right-Handed	153	22	154
				Right-Handed	164	22	62.5
				Right-Handed	74	24	181
				Right-Handed	156.5	22.5	65



UNIT

2

# Teacher Resource Copy Masters

LESSON BLACKLINE MASTERS

What Comes Next?

### Start here

$$\begin{cases} \frac{4}{5}x + 6y = 15\\ -x + 18y = 11 \end{cases}$$

What Comes Next?

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 30y = 75 \\ -4x + 72y = 44 \end{cases}$$

What Comes Next?

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 30y = 75 \\ y = \frac{7}{6} \end{cases}$$

What Comes Next?

$$\begin{cases} x = 10 \\ y = \frac{7}{6} \end{cases}$$

What Comes Next?

$$\begin{cases} 4x = 40 \\ y = \frac{7}{6} \end{cases}$$

What Comes Next?

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 30y = 75\\ 102y = 119 \end{cases}$$

What Comes Next?

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 30y = 75 \\ -x + 18y = 11 \end{cases}$$

What Comes Next?

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 35 = 75 \\ y = \frac{7}{6} \end{cases}$$

Sorting Systems Card 7 $\begin{cases} x = 4y - 4 \\ 4x - 16y = -16 \end{cases}$	Sorting Systems Card 4 $\begin{cases} 3x+y=-10 \\ 3y=-x-10 \end{cases}$	Sorting Systems Card 1 $\begin{cases} y = 2x - 7 \\ y = -7x + 2 \end{cases}$
Sorting Systems Card 8 $\begin{cases} y+\frac{1}{5}=-\frac{2}{5}x\\ 5y=-2x-1 \end{cases}$	Sorting Systems Card 5 $\begin{cases} x-4y=-12\\ 5x=20y+60 \end{cases}$	Sorting Systems $\begin{cases} y = 2x - 3 \\ y = 2x - 3 \end{cases}$
Sorting Systems Carrd 9 $\begin{cases} y = 2x - 3 \\ y = 4x - 6 \end{cases}$	Sorting Systems Card 6 $\begin{cases} x-y=-6\\ x-4y=12 \end{cases}$	Sorting Systems $ \begin{cases} y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 3 \\ 3y = -9 - x \end{cases} $

# This page includes an additional set of info gap cards to use as an optional demonstration.

Cards for the student activity are located on the following page.

# Info Gap: Linear Systems

# Problem Card 0

$$\begin{cases} y = -3x + 2 \\ ax + by = 1 \end{cases}$$

What are the values of a and b?

Info Gap: Linear Systems

# Data Card 0

- The point (0,2) is a solution.
- The second equation has a slope of -3.
- The point (1,-1) is a solution.
- 0 < b < 1
- There are infinitely many solutions.

# Info Gap: Linear Systems Problem Card 0

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Info Gap: Linear Systems
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- There are infinitely many solutions.

Info Gap: Linear Systems

# Problem Card 1

The first equation in the system has a slope of 3.

How many solutions does the system have? If there is 1 solution, find it. Explain your reasoning. Info Gap: Linear Systems

### Data Card 1

- The slope of the second equation is 3.
- The point (1, -3) is on the first line.
- The point (2, 13) is on the second line.
- The y-intercept of the second equation has a y value of 7.
- An intercept for the first equation has an x value of 2.

Info Gap: Linear Systems

# Problem Card 2

The solution to a system of equations is (4,3).

What are the two linear equations in the system? Write one equation in standard form (Ax + By = C) and the other equation in slope-intercept form (y = mx + b).

Info Gap: Linear Systems

# Data Card 2

- The first equation has an intercept at (0,-5).
- The second equation has intercepts at (0,6) and (8,0).
- The second equation has a slope of  $\frac{-3}{4}$ .

Info Gap: Linear Systems

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UNIT

3

# Teacher Resource Copy Masters

LESSON BLACKLINE MASTERS

Info Gap: Running to the Dentist

## Problem Card 1

Jada usually runs a 5 kilometer distance in around 25 minutes. She wonders if listening to music helps her run the distance in under 25 minutes. Complete the two-way table using information for her runs during March.

	under 25 minutes	25 minutes or more	total
headphones on		4	
headphones off		=1	
total			28

- How many of her runs took less than 25 minutes?
- Among the runs that took under 25 minutes, what fraction of them were completed without headphones on?

Info Gap: Running to the Dentist

### Data Card 1

- Jada ran with headphones on 10 times.
- 10 of Jada's runs that took 25 minutes or longer were completed without headphones
- Half of Jada's runs took 25 minutes or more.

Info Gap: Running to the Dentist

# Problem Card 2

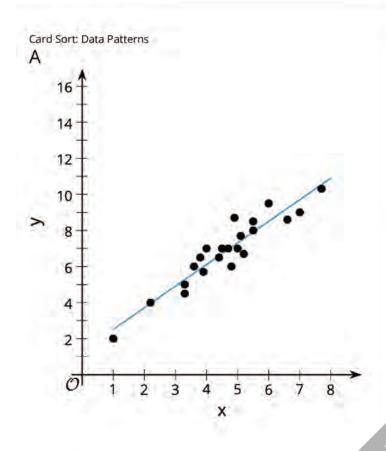
Complete the two-way table about the dental hygiene habits of 100 people.

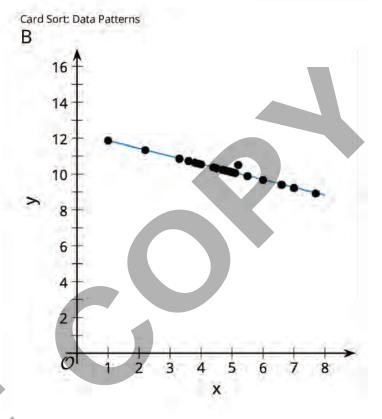
	floss	don't floss	total
use mouthwash			
no mouthwash			
total	T		100

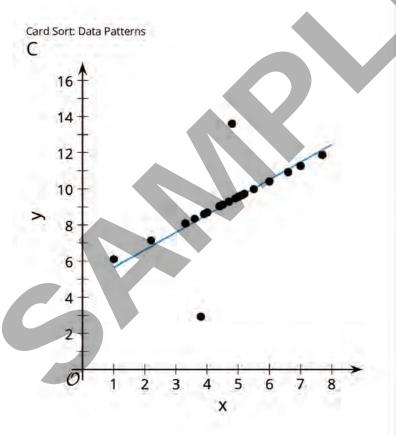
- Among the people who do not use mouthwash, how many more do not use floss than do?
- 2. What percentage of the people responded that they use mouthwash, but do not floss?

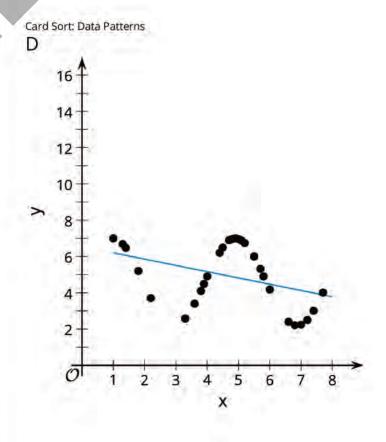
Info Gap: Running to the Dentist

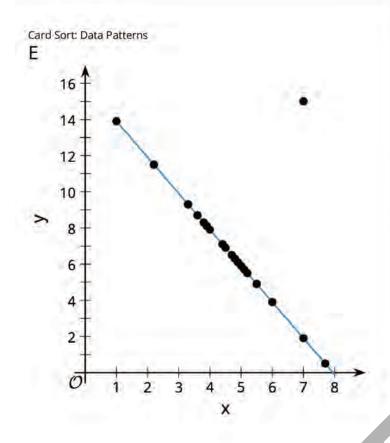
- 40 people responded that they use mouthwash.
- Of the people who use mouthwash, 30 people use floss.
- 55 people responded that they do not floss.
- 45 people responded that they don't floss and don't use mouthwash.

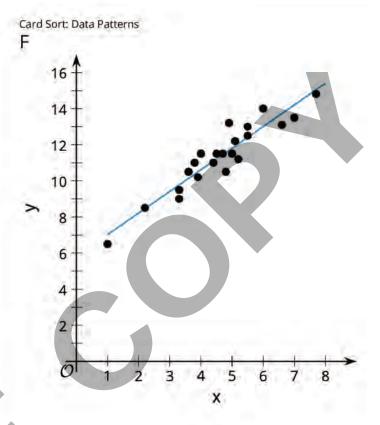


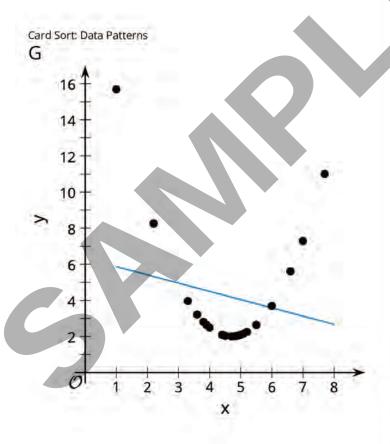


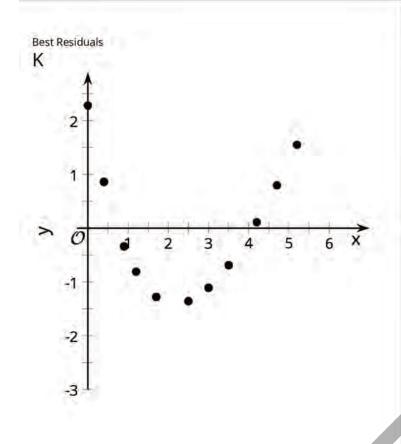


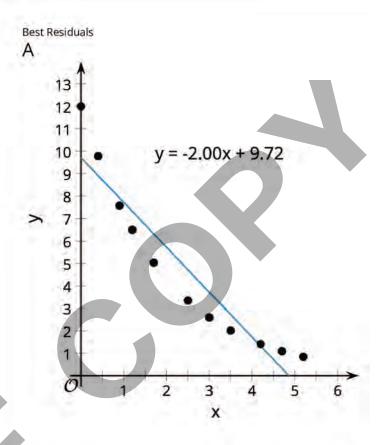


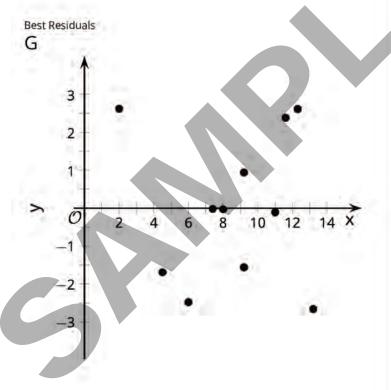


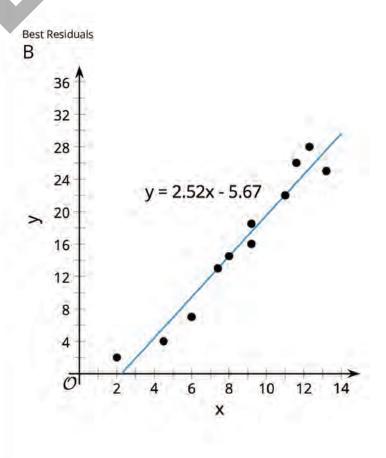


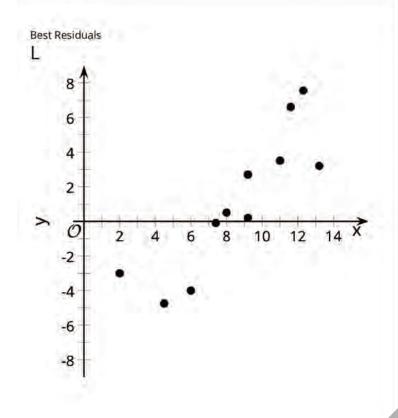


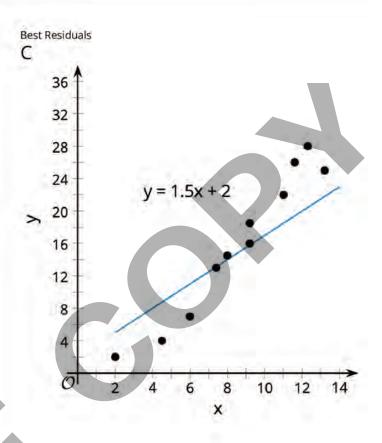


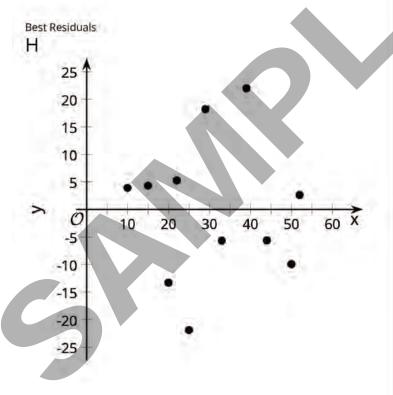


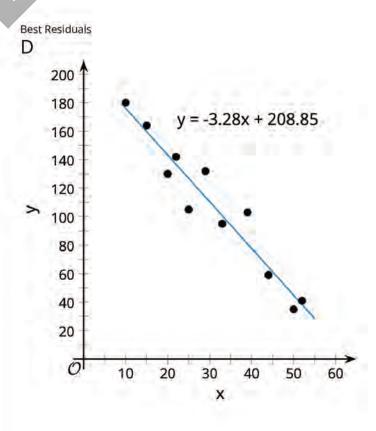


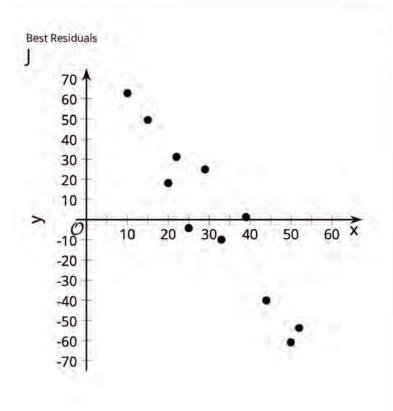


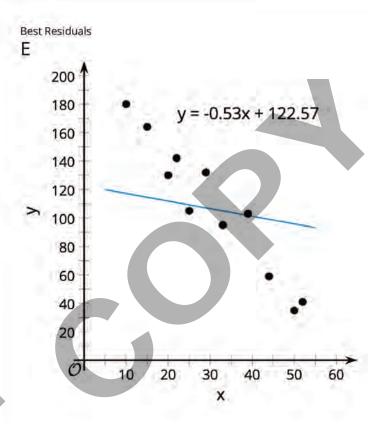


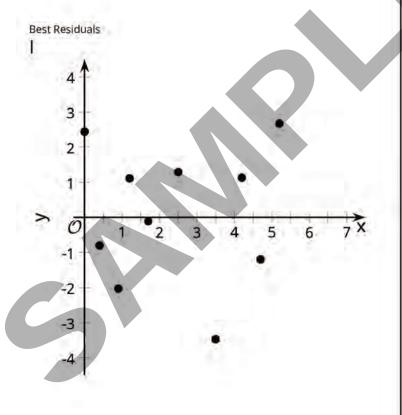


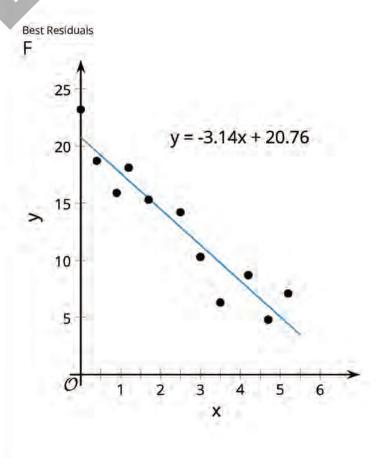


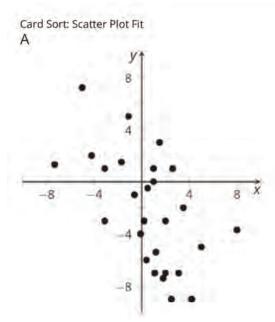


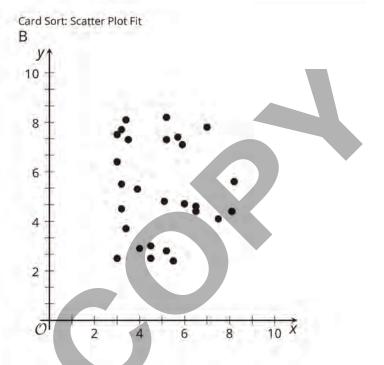


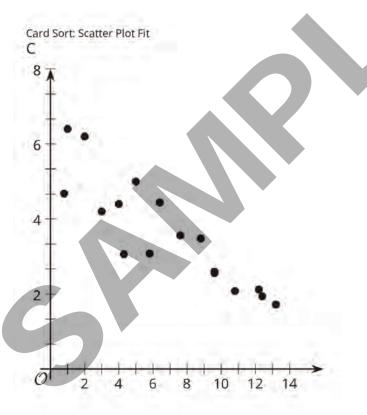


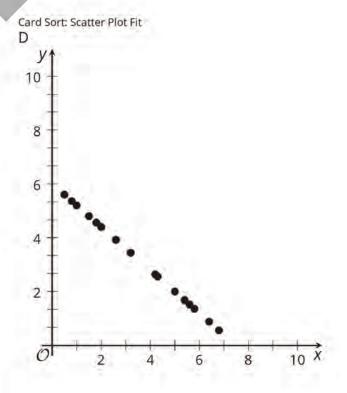


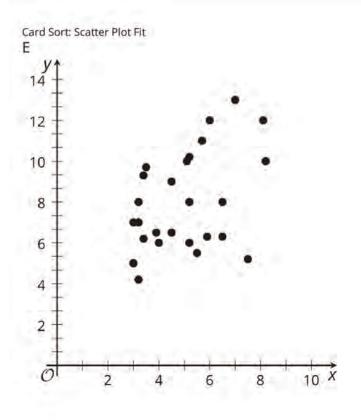


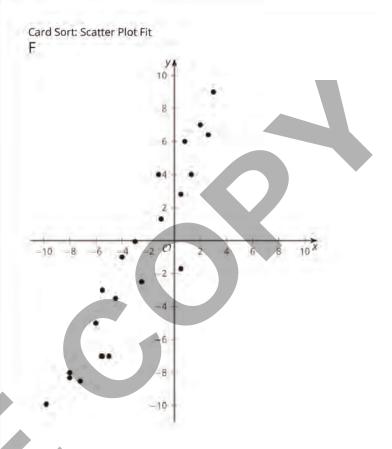


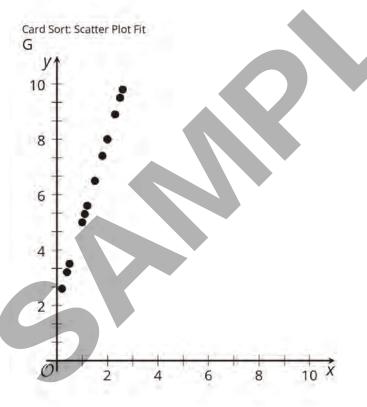


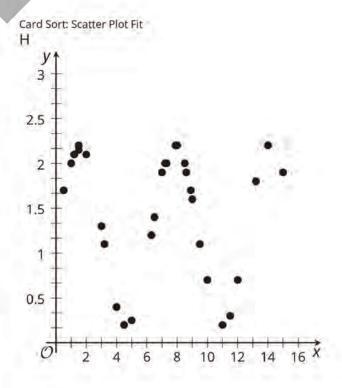


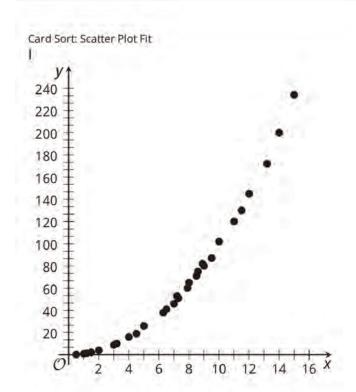


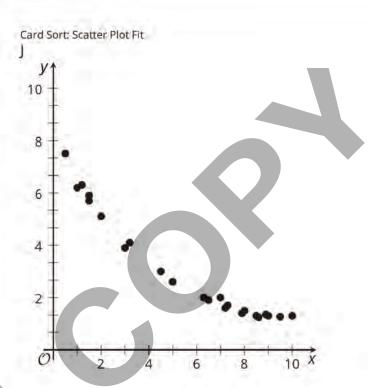












penalty minutes per game	Wins
11.7	37
11,2	48
11,1	35
10,5	38
10.4	37
10	42
9.7	45
9.5	41
9.4	40
9.3	40
9.1	50
8.9	27
8.9	25
8.7	37
8.6	26
8.5	23
8.5	37
8.4	44
8.1	26
8	32
8	39
7.9	24
7.9	30
7.7	41
7.6	43
7	41
6.8	47
6.2	31

flags	Wins	
181	9	
161	6	
141	13	
144	10	
146	10	
148	4	
144	6	
148	11	
140	5	
128	5	
127	6	
139	5	
141	11	
133.	8	
125	1	
124	7	
130	10	
131	9	
126	13	
122	(13)	
119	<b>q</b>	
122	5	
122	9	
131	131 9	
117	13	
112	9	
118	7	